選舉管理委員會

香港灣仔港灣道 25 號 海港中心 10 樓

本函檔號 OUR REF.: REO CR/14/5/LC-20 來函檔號 YOUR REF.:

ELECTORAL AFFAIRS COMMISSION

10/F, Harbour Centre 25 Harbour Road Wan Chai Hong Kong				
圖文	傳真	Fax:	2507 5810	
電	話	Tel.:	2827 1419	
網	址	Web Site:	https://www.eac.hk	

3 September 2019

The Honourable Mrs Carrie Lam Cheng Yuet-ngor, GBM, GBS The Chief Executive Hong Kong Special Administrative Region People's Republic of China Chief Executive's Office Hong Kong

Dear Madam,

Pursuant to section 18 of the Electoral Affairs Commission Ordinance, we have the pleasure in submitting to you a report containing our recommendations on the delineation of Legislative Council geographical constituencies for the purpose of the general election in respect of the Legislative Council to be held in 2020.

For the coming election, we recommend that the boundaries of the existing 5 geographical constituencies be adopted and that the 35 seats for the geographical constituencies be allocated as follows:

Geographical Constituency	No. of Seats
Hong Kong Island	6
Kowloon West	6
Kowloon East	5
New Territories West	9
New Territories East	9
Total:	35

Yours faithfully,

Barnabas Wah FUNG, Chairman

mlul Ja

Arthur Yee-shun LUK, Member

Fanny Mui-ching CHEUNG, Member

ABBREVIATIONS

CE	Chief Executive	
CMAB	Constitutional and Mainland Affairs Bureau	
C&SD	Census and Statistics Department	
DC	District Council	
DCCA, DCCAs	District Council Constituency Area, District Council Constituency Areas	
DCO	District Councils Ordinance (Chapter 547)	
EAC	Electoral Affairs Commission	
EACO	Electoral Affairs Commission Ordinance (Chapter 541)	
FC, FCs	functional constituency, functional constituencies	
GC, GCs	geographical constituency, geographical constituencies	
НКІ	Hong Kong Island	
KE	Kowloon East	
KW	Kowloon West	
LandsD	Lands Department	
LCO	Legislative Council Ordinance (Chapter 542)	
LegCo	Legislative Council	
NTE	New Territories East	

NTW	New Territories West
PlanD	Planning Department
REO	Registration and Electoral Office
the AHSG	the Ad Hoc Subgroup set up specially for the purpose of the delineation exercise under the Working Group on Population Distribution Projections in the Planning Department
the resulting number	the number which results when the population quota is multiplied by the number of Members to be returned to the Legislative Council by that Geographical Constituency

CONTENTS

<u>Page</u>

15

CHAPTER 1	INTRODUCTION		
Section 1	The Electoral Affairs Commission	1	
Section 2	Responsibility of the EAC	1	
Section 3	Scope of the Report	2	
CHAPTER 2	DELINEATION OF GEOGRAPHICAL CONSTITUENCIES	3	
Section 1	Statutory Requirements for Delineation	3	
Section 2	Working Principles		
Section 3	Name and Code of GCs		
Section 4	Population Forecasts		
Section 5	The Process of Delineation		
Section 6	Provisional Recommendations		
CHAPTER 3	PUBLIC CONSULTATION		
Section 1	Consultation Period and Public Forum		

Number of Representations Received

Section 2

CHAPTER 4	CONSIDERATION OF REPRESENTATIONS	
Section 1	Deliberations and Observations	16
Section 2	The Recommendations	29
CHAPTER 5	A CONCLUDING NOTE	31
Section 1	Acknowledgements	31
Section 2	Conclusion	32

Appendices

Appendix I	Method for Allocation of Seats	33
Appendix II	Details of the Provisional Recommendations	35
Appendix III	Summary of Written/Oral Representations	63

* * * * * *

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

Section 1 : The Electoral Affairs Commission

1.1 The Electoral Affairs Commission ("EAC") is an independent and apolitical statutory body established under section 3 of the Electoral Affairs Commission Ordinance (Chapter 541) ("EACO"), with the primary objective of upholding openness, honesty and fairness in public elections.

Section 2 : Responsibility of the EAC

1.2 Under section 4(a) of the EACO, one of the functions of the EAC is to consider or review the boundaries of geographical constituencies ("GCs") for the purpose of making recommendations on the boundaries and names of GCs for a Legislative Council ("LegCo") general election.

1.3 The EAC is required under section 18 of the EACO to submit a report to the Chief Executive ("CE") of its recommendations on the boundaries and names of each GC in relation to a LegCo general election within 36 months from the preceding LegCo general election. As the last LegCo general election was held on 4 September 2016, the EAC has to submit the report on the boundaries and names of the GCs for the 2020 LegCo General Election to the CE by 3 September 2019.

1.4 Under section 21 of the EACO, the CE-in-Council shall consider the EAC's report as soon as practicable after the receipt of it. Subject to the CE-in-Council's adoption of the boundaries and names as recommended by the EAC, the CE-in-Council, having regard to the EAC's final recommendations, will make and table at the LegCo the relevant Order according to sections 18(2) and 19(2) of the Legislative Council Ordinance (Chapter 542) ("LCO"). After the completion of the negative vetting procedure of the LegCo, the boundaries and names of the GCs will come into effect for the seventh LegCo general election to be held in the third quarter of 2020.

Section 3 : Scope of the Report

1.5 The scope and content of this report are based on the requirements stipulated under section 18 of the EACO. The report is published in two volumes. **Volume 1** mainly describes how the proposed delineation of the boundaries of GCs was worked out and sets out the EAC's recommendations on the boundaries and names of the GCs with the reasons for those recommendations. It also contains a summary of all written and oral representations made to the EAC and reproduces all the written representations. **Volume 2** contains the descriptions of the recommended GC boundaries and maps showing the boundaries and names of the recommended GCs.

CHAPTER 2

DELINEATION OF GEOGRAPHICAL CONSTITUENCIES

Section 1 : Statutory Requirements for Delineation

Provisions stipulated under the LCO

2.1 In making the recommendations in respect of the delineation of GC boundaries, the EAC is required to adhere to the following provisions stipulated under the LCO:

- (a) there are to be 5 GCs for the purpose of returning Members at elections for those constituencies [section 18(1) of the LCO];
- (b) at a general election, **35 Members** are to be returned for all GCs [section 19(1) of the LCO]; and
- (c) the number of Members to be returned for each GC is to be a number not less than 5 nor greater than 9 [section 19(2) of the LCO].

Criteria stipulated under the EACO

- 2.2 In accordance with the EACO, the EAC shall:
 - (a) ensure that the population in each proposed GC is as near as practicable to the number which results (i.e. "the resulting number") when the population quota is multiplied by the number of Members to be returned to the LegCo by that GC [section 20(1)(a) of the EACO];
 - (b) where it is not practicable to comply with (a) above in respect of a proposed GC, ensure that the population in that GC does not exceed or fall short of the resulting number applicable to that GC by more than 15% [section 20(1)(b) of the EACO]; and
 - (c) ensure that each proposed GC is to be constituted by 2 or more contiguous whole District Council ("DC") constituencies [section 20(2) of the EACO].

2.3 In making such recommendations, the EAC shall also have regard to:

(a) community identities and the preservation of local ties [section 20(3)(a) of the EACO];

- (b) physical features (such as size, shape, accessibility and development) of the relevant area or any part thereof [section 20(3)(b) of the EACO];
- (c) existing boundaries of administrative districts¹ [section 20(4)(a) of the EACO]; and
- (d) existing boundaries of GCs [section 20(4)(b) of the EACO].

2.4 The EAC may depart from the strict application of the requirements set out in paragraph 2.2(a) and (b) above only where it appears that a consideration referred to in paragraph 2.3(a) and (b) above renders such a departure necessary or desirable [section 20(5) of the EACO].

Section 2 : Working Principles

2.5 Apart from the statutory provisions and criteria set out above, the EAC has also adopted the following established working principles for the delineation exercise:

(a) the existing boundaries of the 5 GCs should form the basis of consideration in the current delineation exercise;

¹ "Administrative districts" refers to the 18 Districts as set out in Part II of Schedule 1 to the District Councils Ordinance (Chapter 547).

- (b) for those existing GCs where the population falls within the permissible range of the population quota requirement, their boundaries will as far as possible be adopted to form new GCs;
- (c) Hong Kong Island ("HKI"), Kowloon and the New Territories are to be treated separately as far as possible having regard to the statutory criteria under the EACO;
- (d) when drawing up the boundaries of the GCs, splitting of DC constituencies in an administrative district should be avoided unless there are very strong reasons. Where splitting is necessary, it should affect the least number of administrative districts; and
- (e) factors with political implications are not considered.

2.6 The above working principles are generally the same as those adopted in the past. For item 2.5(c), the EAC has slightly revised the working principle concerned after review (please see paragraph 4.12 below for details).

Section 3 : Name and Code of GCs

2.7 In determining the name and code reference for the GCs, the EAC considers that the name of GCs should comprise two easily distinguished components, namely the name of the area in which the GC is situated and a directional reference, same as those adopted for the existing GCs (i.e. HKI, Kowloon West ("KW"), Kowloon East ("KE"), New Territories West ("NTW") and New Territories East ("NTE")). The GCs are also distinguished by a code and numbering system starting from "LC 1" and ending at "LC 5", being arranged from south to north and from west to east. The EAC hopes that with the adoption of this naming and coding system, anyone who consults the maps would find it easier to understand and locate the GCs. These methods have been adopted by the EAC since the first LegCo general election in 1998.

Section 4 : Population Forecasts

2.8 Section 20(6) of the EACO stipulates that for the purpose of making recommendations on the delineation of GCs, the EAC shall endeavour to estimate the total population of Hong Kong or any proposed GC in the year in which LegCo general election is to be held.

2.9 As in the past, the necessary projected population figures are provided by an Ad Hoc Subgroup ("AHSG") set up specially for the purpose of the delineation exercise under the Working Group on Population

Distribution Projections in the Planning Department ("PlanD"). These population projection figures are the information required for conducting the delineation exercise. The AHSG was chaired by an Assistant Director of the PlanD and comprised of representatives from the Constitutional and Mainland Affairs Bureau ("CMAB"), the Census and Statistics Department ("C&SD"), the Housing Department, the Lands Department ("LandsD") and the Registration and Electoral Office ("REO"). Most of them are professional departments which have all along been responsible for carrying out territory-wide population censuses and projections on population distribution. To ensure that the projections can cater for the 2020 LegCo General Election, the AHSG was requested by the EAC to project the population distribution figures as at a date as close to the election date as practicable. For this reason, the AHSG had followed the practice in past delineation exercises and provided the EAC with the projected population figures as at **30 June 2020**, having considered that the 2020 LegCo General Election would be held in the third quarter of 2020.

2.10 On the basis of the latest statistics of population projections (2017-based) released by the C&SD, the AHSG provided the population forecasts for the delineation of GCs for the 2020 LegCo General Election. As at 30 June 2020, the total population of Hong Kong is projected at **7 558 100** and the **population quota** is therefore **215 946** for the purpose of this delineation exercise, which is the number resulted from Hong Kong's total population (i.e. 7 558 100) divided by the total number of Members to be returned for all GCs (i.e. 35) as defined in section 17(1) of the EACO.

Section 5 : The Process of Delineation

2.11 According to the population forecasts mentioned in paragraph 2.10 above, and the statutory provisions and criteria as well as established working principles set out in paragraphs 2.1 to 2.5 above, the EAC drew up its provisional recommendations on the boundaries and names of GCs for the 2020 LegCo General Election.

2.12 In accordance with the law, the number of GCs for the purpose of returning Members at the 2020 LegCo General Election is 5. In respect of the delineation of GC boundaries, it is the EAC's established working principles that the existing boundaries of the 5 GCs should form the basis of consideration, and for those existing GCs where the projected population falls within the statutory permissible range of the population quota requirement, their boundaries will as far as possible be adopted to form new GCs. According to the above working principles and based on the latest projected population figures, the EAC has allocated the 35 seats to the existing 5 GCs by using the established two-step calculation method.

2.13 The two-step calculation method for allocating the seats is detailed below:

(a) Step One: Seats were allocated among the 5 GCs by dividing the projected population of each GC by the population quota, i.e. 215 946 and thereafter, allocating the seats according to the integer of the calculated number subject to the statutory limits (i.e. not less than 5 seats nor greater than 9 seats for each GC). Accordingly, 32 seats were first allocated to the 5 GCs.

Step Two: There were 3 seats remaining after Step One. (b) Since the number of seats allocated to NTW GC has reached the upper limit for returning Members in each GC (i.e. 9) as permitted under the statutory requirement of the LCO in Step One, NTW GC would not be included in the allocation of seats in Step Two. In other words, the remaining 3 seats could only be allocated to 3 of the 4 GCs of which the allocated seats have not yet reached the statutory upper limit. Under such circumstances, there were 4 options for allocation, as shown in the "Descriptions of the Proposed GC Boundaries" contained in the consultation document prepared by the EAC, and the options are tabulated in Appendix I of this report. Having examined the 4 options, the EAC adopted the one with the smallest range of percentage deviation of the population from the resulting number in the individual GCs (i.e. Option C).

2.14	The number of seats proposed to be allocated to each GC in
accordance	with the aforesaid method is as follows:

-	sed Name C (Code)	Projected Population	Seats Allocated in Step One	Seats Allocated in Step Two	Proposed Number of Seats
HKI	(LC 1)	1 232 700	5	1	6
KW	(LC 2)	1 205 300	5	1	6
KE	(LC 3)	1 120 800	5	-	5
NTW	(LC 4)	2 174 700	9	-	9
NTE	(LC 5)	1 824 600	8	1	9
Т	otal:	7 558 100	32	3	35

Details of the calculation are shown in Appendix I.

2.15 Under the existing boundaries, the projected populations of the 5 GCs are all within the statutory permissible range. All along, for those GCs or DC constituencies which do fall within the statutory permissible range, the EAC will not on its own initiative adjust their boundaries. In addition, according to the experience in past delineation exercises, especially the delineation of constituencies for the 2019 DC Ordinary Election, the public has prevalently advocated maintenance of the status quo of DC constituency boundaries as far as possible, and that the boundaries of the existing 5 GCs have been adopted since the first LegCo general election in 1998, hence, the EAC proposed the adoption of the boundaries of the existing 5 GCs as the GC boundaries for the 2020 LegCo General Election under the provisional recommendations.

2.16 The provisional recommendations of the EAC satisfied all the statutory provisions and criteria as well as established working principles set out in paragraphs 2.1 to 2.5 above. As the adoption of the boundaries of the existing 5 GCs is proposed, the EAC also proposes the adoption of the names and codes of the existing 5 GCs.

Section 6 : Provisional Recommendations

2.17 After the EAC has drawn up the provisional recommendations on the GC boundaries, the EAC Secretariat has prepared for the public consultation exercise. The public consultation period ran from 8 May 2019 to 6 June 2019. Details of the EAC's provisional recommendations, including the projected population and component District Council Constituency Areas ("DCCAs") of each GC, are set out in **Appendix II**.

CHAPTER 3

PUBLIC CONSULTATION

Section 1 : Consultation Period and Public Forum

3.1 Pursuant to the provision of section 19 of the EACO, the EAC conducted a public consultation exercise on its provisional recommendations from 8 May 2019 to 6 June 2019 (a period of 30 days). During this period, members of the public could send in their written representations to the EAC to express their views on the EAC's provisional recommendations on the boundaries and names of the GCs.

3.2 Throughout the public consultation period, descriptions of the proposed GC boundaries, together with the method for the allocation of seats, component administrative districts and DCCAs, and maps showing the proposed boundaries of the GCs were available for public inspection at the Home Affairs Enquiry Centres of all District Offices, the REO, Philatelic Offices of Hongkong Post, management offices of all public housing estates, and all major and district public libraries. The information was also uploaded onto the EAC's website for public viewing.

3.3 The consultation document has contained the Message from the EAC Chairman, explaining to the public the statutory provisions and criteria as well as working principles adopted by the EAC in delineating the GC

boundaries, and also the justifications for the provisional recommendations.

3.4 The public consultation exercise was widely publicised by the EAC through Announcements in the Public Interest on radio and TV, press releases, newspaper advertisements, posters, the EAC's website and Government Gazette.

3.5 On the first day of the consultation period (i.e. 8 May 2019), the EAC held a press conference to launch the exercise, and invited the public to give their views on the EAC's provisional recommendations. To ensure that its final recommendations can fully take into account the public opinions, the EAC appealed to the public to actively participate in the consultation and express their views for or against the provisional recommendations.

3.6 A public forum was conducted from 7:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m. on 16 May 2019 at the Lai Chi Kok Community Hall, 863 Lai Chi Kok Road, Sham Shui Po, Kowloon, where members of the public could express their oral representations to the EAC directly. Audio-visual aids showing the maps and other relevant information were used to facilitate the participants to better understand the content of the provisional recommendations.

3.7 The REO attended a meeting of the LegCo Panel on Constitutional Affairs on 20 May 2019 to brief LegCo Members on the delineation exercise and listen to their views on the EAC's provisional recommendations.

Section 2 : Number of Representations Received

3.8 During the consultation period, the EAC has received a total of 12 written representations. Besides, nine persons attended the public forum held on 16 May 2019. Four oral representations were received at the forum.

3.9 Among the representations received by the EAC, some of the views were not related to the boundaries or names of the GCs but concerned other matters such as boundaries of the administrative districts, the number of GCs and the upper or lower limit of seats permitted for each GC. The EAC has referred the relevant representations to the Government for reference.

3.10 All the written representations are recorded in Part II of this volume. A summary of all written and oral representations is also provided in **Appendix III** of this volume.

CHAPTER 4

CONSIDERATION OF REPRESENTATIONS

Section 1 : Deliberations and Observations

4.1 After the public consultation period has ended, the EAC has looked into each of the written and oral representations (including the views expressed by LegCo Members at the meeting of the Panel on Constitutional Affairs held on 20 May 2019) to consider whether they should be accepted.

4.2 As with past delineation exercises, when deliberating on the representations received, the EAC has adopted the same set of statutory provisions and criteria as well as working principles adopted in drawing up the provisional recommendations (see Chapter 2) to examine the grounds put forward in the representations in a prudent manner.

4.3 In drawing up the provisional recommendations and deliberating on the representations, the EAC has adopted basically the same approach as in previous delineation exercises. Regarding the views expressed in the representations, the EAC has noted the following matters, and set out its observations, so that the public may fully understand the factors that have been taken into consideration by the EAC.

(a) Number of GCs

4.4 The "principle of equal representation" is an important consideration in the delineation of GC boundaries. The underlying concept is that similar numbers of people should have equal numbers of representatives. In this regard, the EACO has set out the statutory criteria (see paragraph 2.2 above) for delineating GC boundaries and the EAC shall ensure that the population in each proposed GC is as near its resulting number as practicable. However, owing to the situation of population distribution in Hong Kong, it is not practicable for the population of each GC to strictly adhere to its resulting number. Hence, the statutory criteria also allow the population of a GC to exceed or fall short of its resulting number by not more than 15%, i.e. the statutory permissible range of deviation.

4.5 During the present consultation period, the EAC has received quite a number of representations proposing an increase in the number of GCs. The majority of the representations pointed out that NTW GC has a relatively large projected population, and when dividing the projected population of that GC by the population quota in accordance with the EAC's established method for the allocation of seats, the result is that its entitled number of seats should be 10. However, as the statutory upper limit of seats for each GC is capped at 9 under the LCO, only 9 seats could be allocated to NTW GC. As a result, its percentage deviation of the population from the resulting number reached +11.90%. The representations pointed out that under such circumstance, NTW GC could not be allocated with the number

of seats it should have, and therefore it was proposed that one more GC should be added in the New Territories so as to achieve a more even distribution of population among the GCs in the New Territories, and to resolve the problem of allocation of seats in NTW GC in the event that the statutory upper limit be exceeded because of its large population. These proposals made in the representations included combining the Tuen Mun and Yuen Long Districts of NTW GC and the North and Tai Po Districts of NTE GC into a new GC named "New Territories North", or making the Islands District an additional individual GC, etc.

4.6 In delineating the LegCo GC boundaries, the EAC must strictly adhere to the requirements prescribed in the LCO, whereby section 18 stipulates that there are 5 LegCo GCs at present. This requirement is a statutory pre-condition for the EAC, as to which the EAC has no authority to make any variation. Therefore, under the circumstance that there is no increase in the number of GCs under the law, the EAC cannot add new GCs to the New Territories, which will make the total number of GCs in Hong Kong exceed the statutory number of 5. As the representations regarding the number of GCs involve amendment to the LCO, which does not fall under the purview of the EAC, the EAC has referred the relevant views to the CMAB for consideration.

4.7 The EAC also noted the point in the representations that the number of seats of NTW GC should have been 10 but only 9 seats could be allocated to it due to the statutory upper limit of seats. However, as a matter

of fact, in strictly adhering to the statutory requirement on the number of Members to be returned for each GC (i.e. a number not less than 5 nor greater than 9), after applying the calculation method mentioned in paragraph 2.13 above, the percentage deviation of the population from the resulting number for NTW GC under the provisional recommendations was still within the statutory permissible range. The existing boundary of NTW GC therefore has complied with the statutory requirements (including the 15% statutory permissible range of deviation), and adjustment will not be necessary.

4.8 Notwithstanding the above, the EAC understands that the public has all along been concerned with the growing projected population in NTW GC. As such, the EAC did re-examine the situation of NTW GC before reaching the present provisional recommendations, and to see if one of the administrative districts in NTW GC could be transferred to another GC contiguous to the administrative district concerned so as to reduce the projected population of NTW GC. There were 7 options as listed below. However, they were either considered not feasible under the law or not recommended by the EAC. Details are as follows:

20	options	in	feasible	under	the	law
-		· · · J				

Option	Administrative	Reasons for being infeasible
	district involved in	
	the adjustment	
1	Transferring the Kwai Tsing District from NTW GC to NTE GC	• Under this option, the percentage deviation of NTE GC (+20.12%) will exceed the statutory permissible upper limit.

Option	Administrative district involved in the adjustment	Reasons for being infeasible
2	Transferring the Yuen Long District from NTW GC to NTE GC	• Under this option, the percentage deviation of NTE GC (+27.36%) will exceed the statutory permissible upper limit.

5 options possible under the law but not recommended by the EAC

Option	Administrative district involved in the adjustment	If the option is adopted, the GCs having the highest/lowest percentage deviation of population		Reasons for not being recommended by the EAC
		Lowest	Highest	
1	Transferring the Islands District from NTW GC to NTE GC	-6.98% (KW)	+3.80% (KE)	• The existing NTE GC has a very wide expanse. After the adjustment under Option 1, the newly delineated area of the GC will be further enlarged; and
				 Lantau Island spans over two administrative districts, namely Tsuen Wan and Islands. The north-eastern part of Lantau Island (e.g. Sunny Bay, etc.) belongs to the Tsuen Wan District while the rest (e.g. Tung Chung, Mui Wo, etc.) belongs to the Islands District. Currently, both the Tsuen

Option	Administrative district involved in the adjustment	If the option is adopted, the GCs having the highest/lowest percentage deviation of population		Reasons for not being recommended by the EAC
		Lowest	Highest	
				Wan and Islands Districts are within NTW GC. Therefore, Option 1 will split Lantau Island into two different GCs, i.e. the area other than the north- eastern part of Lantau Island will be transferred to NTE GC while the north-eastern part will remain in NTW GC.
2	Transferring the Tsuen Wan District from NTW GC to NTE GC	-6.98% (KW)	+10.18% (NTE)	 The Tsuen Wan District covers the north-eastern part of Lantau Island (e.g. Sunny Bay, etc.), and both the Tsuen Wan and Islands Districts are currently within NTW GC. By transferring the Tsuen Wan District to NTE GC, Option 2 will split Lantau Island into two different GCs, i.e. the north-eastern part of Lantau Island (the Tsuen Wan District) will be transferred to NTE GC while the rest (the Islands District) will remain in NTW GC.

Option	Administrative district involved in the adjustment	If the option is adopted, the GCs having the highest/lowest percentage deviation of population		Reasons for not being recommended by the EAC
3	Transferring the Kwai Tsing District from NTW GC to KW GC	Lowest -4.86% (HKI)	Highest +5.62% (NTE)	 Based on the existing boundaries of the 5 GCs, the percentage deviations of the projected population from the resulting number for the 5 GCs are all within the statutory permissible range; and Transferring an administrative district from the New Territories to Kowloon does not accord with the working principle for delineation (i.e. HKI, Kowloon and the New Territories are to be treated separately as far as possible having regard

Option	Administrative district involved in the adjustment	If the option is adopted, the GCs having the highest/lowest percentage deviation of population		Reasons for not being recommended by the EAC
		Lowest	Highest	
4	Transferring the Kwai Tsing District from NTW GC to HKI GC	-6.98% (KW)	+5.62% (NTE)	 Based on the existing boundaries of the 5 GCs, the percentage deviations of the projected population from the resulting number for the 5 GCs are all within the statutory permissible range; Transferring an administrative district from the New Territories to HKI does not accord with the working principle for delineation (i.e. HKI, Kowloon and the New Territories are to be treated separately as far as possible having regard to the statutory criteria); and Traditionally, HKI is self-contained.
5	Transferring the Islands District from NTW GC to HKI GC	-6.98% (KW)	+5.62% (NTE)	 Lantau Island spans over two administrative districts, namely Tsuen Wan and Islands. Similar to the reasons for not adopting Options 1 and 2, Option 5 will split Lantau Island into two different GCs, i.e. the area

Option	Administrative district involved in the adjustment	If the option is adopted, the GCs having the highest/lowest percentage deviation of population		Reasons for not being recommended by the EAC
		Lowest Highest		
		Lowest		 other than the north-eastern part of Lantau Island will be transferred to HKI GC while the north-eastern part will remain in NTW GC; Based on the existing boundaries of the 5 GCs, the percentage deviations of the projected population from the resulting number for the 5 GCs are all within the statutory permissible range; Transferring an administrative district from the New Territories to HKI does not accord with the working principle for delineation (i.e. HKI, Kowloon and the New Territories are to be treated separately as far as possible having regard to the statutory criteria); and Traditionally, HKI is self-contained.

4.9 To sum up, although the options above permissible under the law may yield a smaller percentage deviation of the projected population from the resulting number for individual GCs than that of the provisional recommendations [-6.98% (lowest) to +11.90% (highest)], these options will either split Lantau Island into different GCs or involve the transfer of an administrative district in the New Territories to HKI or KW GC, deviating from the EAC's working principle of treating HKI, Kowloon and the New Territories separately as far as possible having regard to the statutory criteria under the EACO. Furthermore, as mentioned in paragraph 2.15 above, all along, the EAC will not on its own initiative adjust the boundaries of those GCs or DC constituencies which do fall within the statutory permissible According to the experience in past delineation exercises, especially range. the delineation of constituencies for the 2019 DC Ordinary Election, the public has prevalently advocated maintenance of the status quo of DC constituency boundaries as far as possible. As the boundaries of the existing 5 GCs have been adopted since the first LegCo general election in 1998, the EAC considers that adjusting the existing boundaries simply for the sake of reducing the percentage deviations of the population among the 5 GCs where the population do fall within the statutory permissible range does not accord with the EAC's working principle, and would alter the accustomed GC boundaries for members of the public.

(b) Number of Seats

4.10 In view of the projected population growth in NTW GC, apart from the above representations asking for an increase in the number of GCs, there were also representations seeking to have more seats allocated to NTW GC by revising the maximum number of Members to be returned for each GC to 10. As explained above, the EAC must strictly adhere to the requirements prescribed under the LCO in drawing up the delineation proposals. At present, section 19 of the LCO stipulates that the number of Members to be returned for each GC is to be a number not less than 5 nor greater than 9. As the representations regarding the number of seats involve amendment to the LCO, which does not fall under the purview of the EAC, the relevant views have been referred to the CMAB for consideration.

(c) Working Principles

4.11 Besides, there were representations questioning the EAC's working principle of treating HKI, Kowloon and the New Territories separately. Amongst them, there was a comment that the principle is not in line with the changing needs of the community because the boundaries of many areas are not as clear cut as in the past due to rapid urban development in Hong Kong.

4.12 As a matter of fact, prior to the commencement of the present delineation exercise, the EAC did review the working principles to be adopted

in the delineation exercise, including the one mentioned in the above representations. While the EAC agrees that on-going development in community infrastructure and transport network may increase connections of HKI, Kowloon and the New Territories, in particular their bordering areas, the EAC also notes that the boundaries and names of the existing GCs were drawn up according to this working principle in the first LegCo general election in 1998 and have been used since then. Members of the public are already used to the conventional division of HKI, Kowloon and the New Territories as three distinct components. In this connection, the EAC considers that HKI, Kowloon and the New Territories should be treated separately as far as possible having regard to the statutory criteria under the EACO (in particular the percentage deviations of the projected population from the resulting number of the GCs are all within the 15% statutory permissible range). After cautious assessment of the above considerations, when drawing up the provisional recommendations, the EAC has accordingly revised the working principle concerned from the original working principle of "HKI, Kowloon and the New Territories are to be treated separately, as these areas are traditionally regarded as distinct from one another" to read as "HKI, Kowloon and the New Territories are to be treated separately as far as possible having regard to the statutory criteria under the EACO".

(d) Others

4.13 The EAC has also received other views apart from the major representations above. Some of the representations proposed to split one or

more administrative districts and transfer certain areas to contiguous GCs, such as transferring islands other than Lantau Island of the Islands District from NTW GC to HKI GC, or transferring the area of Tseung Kwan O of the Sai Kung District from NTE GC to KE GC, etc. Furthermore, there were also representations involving the adjustment of the boundaries of administrative districts, increase in the number of LegCo functional constituency seats, and amendment to the calculation method of the proportional representation system, etc.

4.14 In respect of the above proposals of adjusting the GC boundaries, for the delineation of GC boundaries for the 2020 LegCo General Election, the percentage deviations of the projected population from the resulting number of the existing 5 GCs are all within the 15% permissible range stipulated under section 20(1)(b) of the EACO as calculated with the latest projected population figures. Adjustment to their existing boundaries will not be necessary in principle. Furthermore, according to the established working principles, the EAC should avoid the splitting of DC constituencies in an administrative district when drawing up the boundaries of the GCs in order to maintain their local integrity. As for the other proposals which involve the adjustment of the boundaries of administrative districts and amendment to the existing electoral system, since they are related to the primary legislation, which do not fall under the purview of the EAC, the EAC has referred the relevant views to the Government for consideration.

(e) Conclusion

4.15 In conclusion, the EAC must strictly adhere to the requirements prescribed in the LCO on the number of GCs and seats, and has no authority to make any variation. As for the proposals of adjusting the existing GC boundaries, the EAC would like to reiterate that, with the projected populations of the existing 5 GCs all fall within the statutory permissible range, adjustment to their boundaries is not necessary in principle. To avoid altering unnecessarily the GC boundaries accustomed to by members of the public, the EAC does not recommend changing the existing boundaries unless the projected populations of the GCs no longer meet the statutory criteria or there are overwhelming reasons to support the re-delineation of GCs.

Section 2 : The Recommendations

4.16 Having considered the representations received, the EAC examined and made its final recommendations at its meeting held on 25 July 2019. The EAC's views on the representations are set out in the last column of **Appendix III**.

4.17 As explained in Section 5 of Chapter 2 above, the EAC's provisional recommendations has satisfied all the statutory provisions and criteria as well as established working principles. All public representations received during the consultation period (including supporting and opposing views as well as specific proposals given in the representations) have been

taken into account by the EAC. After weighing and balancing all relevant considerations, the EAC has decided to adopt its provisional recommendations as the final recommendations (i.e. adopting the boundaries, names and codes of the existing 5 GCs, and the allocation of seats resulted from the calculation using the latest projected population figures).

4.18 The final recommendations in respect of the 5 GCs, including the number of seats, names, codes, component DCCAs and projected population details for each recommended GC, and the maps showing the boundaries and names of the recommended GCs are contained in **Volume 2** of this report.

CHAPTER 5

A CONCLUDING NOTE

Section 1 : Acknowledgements

5.1 With the completion of this delineation exercise, the EAC would like to express its gratitude towards the following government departments for their contributions: the AHSG for its provision of the projected population figures; the LandsD for its production of maps for the production of the consultation materials and the report; the Information Services Department for its contribution to the publicity programme relating to the consultation exercise; the Government Logistics Department for the printing of the consultation materials and this report; and the Home Affairs Department for the provision of venue for holding the public forum and its assistance to distribute the consultation documents and publicity posters.

5.2 The EAC is particularly thankful to the EAC Secretariat for their dedicated and concerted efforts in the preparation and support for the delineation exercise.

5.3 The EAC is most grateful to those members of the public for their representations, put forth in writing or orally at the public forum.

Section 2 : Conclusion

5.4 As in previous delineation exercises, the EAC has adhered to the statutory provisions and criteria as well as its working principles in this delineation exercise. As always, the EAC has paid no regard to any suggestions with political implications or those which are not relevant to the statutory requirements.

5.5 Delineation of GC boundaries is an integral part of a LegCo general election. The EAC is committed to conducting each and every election under its supervision in an open, fair and honest manner. The EAC has all the time held on to this important principle in this delineation exercise.

Method for Allocation of Seats

Proposed name of Geographical Constituency ("GC") (Code)	Component administrative district	(A) Projected population as at 30 June 2020	(B) Allocated number of seats (according to the integer of the calculated number) = population of GC ÷ population quota ^{Note 1}	(C) Entitled number of seats subject to the statutory limits ^{Note 2}	(D) Allocation of remaining seats ^{Note 3}	(E) Total number of seats in 2020 =(C)+(D)	(F) Resulting number =(E) x population quota	(G) % of deviation from resulting number $^{Note 4}$ ={[(A)-(F)]÷ (F)} x100%
HONG KONG ISLAND	Central & Western	239 500						
(LC 1)	Wan Chai	175 700						
	Eastern	547 900						
	Southern	269 600						
	Sub-total:	1 232 700	5	5	1	6	1 295 676	-4.86%
KOWLOON WEST	Yau Tsim Mong	328 100						
(LC 2)	Sham Shui Po	447 800						
	Kowloon City	429 400						
	Sub-total:	1 205 300	5	5	1	6	1 295 676	-6.98%
KOWLOON EAST	Wong Tai Sin	425 200						
(LC 3)	Kwun Tong	695 600						
	Sub-total:	1 120 800	5	5	-	5	1 079 730	+3.80%
NEW TERRITORIES	Tsuen Wan	316 800						
WEST	Tuen Mun	508 800						
(LC 4)	Yuen Long	650 700						
	Kwai Tsing	509 900						
	Islands	188 500						
	Sub-total:	2 174 700	10	9	-	9	1 943 514	+11.90%
NEW TERRITORIES	North	325 100						
EAST	Tai Po	312 300						
(LC 5)	Sha Tin	706 000						
	Sai Kung	481 200						
	Sub-total:	1 824 600	8	8	1	9	1 943 514	-6.12%
TOTAL:		7 558 100	-	32	3	35		

Note:

- 1. For the purpose of this delineation exercise, the "population quota" is the total population of Hong Kong divided by the total number of Members to be returned for all GCs, i.e. 7 558 100 \div 35 = 215 946.
- 2. In accordance with section 19(2) of the Legislative Council Ordinance (Chapter 542) ("LCO"), the number of Members to be returned for each GC is to be a number, not less than 5 nor greater than 9.
- 3. Since New Territories West GC has been allocated the maximum number of seats for a GC (i.e. 9) as permitted under the statutory requirement of the LCO, the remaining 3 seats can only be allocated to the other 4 GCs. There are 4 options for allocation as shown below:

Option Proposed name of GC (Code)	А	В	С	D
HONG KONG ISLAND (LC 1)	[5]+(1)	[5]+(1)	[5]+(1)	[5]
	{-4.86%}	{-4.86%}	{-4.86%}	{+14.17%}
KOWLOON WEST (LC 2)	[5]+(1)	[5]	[5]+(1)	[5]+(1)
	{-6.98%}	{+11.63%}	{-6.98%}	{-6.98%}
KOWLOON EAST (LC 3)	[5]+(1)	[5]+(1)	[5]	[5]+(1)
	{-13.50%}	{-13.50%}	{+3.80%}	{-13.50%}
NEW TERRITORIES WEST (LC 4)	[9]	[9]	[9]	[9]
	{+11.90%}	{+11.90%}	{+11.90%}	{+11.90%}
NEW TERRITORIES EAST (LC 5)	[8]	[8]+(1)	[8]+(1)	[8]+(1)
	{+5.62%}	{-6.12%}	{-6.12%}	{-6.12%}

Among the 4 options, Option C has the smallest range of percentage deviations of the population from the resulting number in the individual GCs, i.e. the variation between individual GCs in terms of the number of persons represented by a Legislative Council ("LegCo") seat is reduced to a minimum. Accordingly, the remaining 3 seats will be allocated to Hong Kong Island, Kowloon West and New Territories East GCs.

- [] number of entitled seats
- () number of remaining seats to be allocated
- { } % of deviation of the population from the resulting number
- 4. The Electoral Affairs Commission ("EAC") has used the existing 5 GC boundaries for the seat allocation and the percentage deviations of the population from the resulting number for the 5 GCs are all within the statutory permissible range (i.e. the population in that GC does not exceed or fall short of the resulting number applicable to that GC by more than 15%). As such, the EAC recommends the adoption of the existing 5 GC boundaries as the proposed GC boundaries for the 2020 LegCo General Election.

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of Geographical Constituency ("GC")	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 District Council Constituency Areas ("DCCAs") included	<u>(截至二</u> 六月 Projecte	計人口 <u>二零二零年</u> <u>三十日)</u> d population <u>) June 2020)</u> 地方選區 <u>GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
LC 1	香港島				1 232 700	-4.86%
	Hong Kong Island (包括中西區、 灣仔、東區及	<u>中西區</u>	<u>Central & Western</u>			
	南區四區)	中環	Chung Wan	13 000		
	(Including the	半山東	Mid Levels East	17 200		
	four administrative	衛城	Castle Road	20 000		
	districts of	山頂	Peak	19 100		
	Central & Western,	大學	University	17 800		
	Wan Chai, Eastern and Southern)	觀龍	Kwun Lung	15 100		
	and Southern)	堅摩	Kennedy Town & Mount Davis	15 600		
		西環	Sai Wan	13 700		
		寶翠	Belcher	19 700		
		石塘咀	Shek Tong Tsui	16 200		
		西營盤	Sai Ying Pun	14 600		
		上環	Sheung Wan	14 600		
		東華	Tung Wah	12 600		
		正街	Centre Street	14 600		
		水街	Water Street	15 700		•
				239 500		u,

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	<u>(截至二</u> 六月 Projected	計人口 <u>二零二零年</u> 三十日) d population June 2020) 地方選區 <u>GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
		<u>灣仔</u>	<u>Wan Chai</u>			
		軒尼詩	Hennessy	12 500		
		愛群	Oi Kwan	12 300		
		鵝頸	Canal Road	12 300		
		銅鑼灣	Causeway Bay	12 700		
		維園	Victoria Park	13 300		
		天后	Tin Hau	14 900		
		大坑	Tai Hang	13 500		
		渣甸山	Jardine's Lookout	14 900		
		樂活	Broadwood	13 400		
		跑馬地	Happy Valley	13 200		
		司徒拔道	Stubbs Road	15 000		
		修頓	Southorn	14 500		
		大佛口	Tai Fat Hau	13 200		
				175 700		

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	預計人口 (截至二零二零年 六月三十日) Projected population (as at 30 June 2020) 區議會 選區 地方選區 DCCA <u>GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
		<u>東區</u>	Eastern		
		太太鯉西愛筲阿杏翠欣小景環翡柏寶炮城古古景灣秩箕公花灣藍西怡翠翠架馬台市城城灣河序灣岩邨 灣 山山山花西東 灣	Tai Koo Shing West Tai Koo Shing East Lei King Wan Sai Wan Ho Aldrich Bay Shaukeiwan A Kung Ngam Heng Fa Chuen Tsui Wan Yan Lam Siu Sai Wan King Yee Wan Tsui Fei Tsui Mount Parker Braemar Hill Fortress Hill City Garden	$\begin{array}{c} 17\ 500\\ 17\ 900\\ 20\ 400\\ 20\ 000\\ 17\ 600\\ 14\ 500\\ 19\ 600\\ 18\ 400\\ 12\ 500\\ 16\ 000\\ 12\ 500\\ 16\ 000\\ 12\ 300\\ 14\ 700\\ 15\ 400\\ 15\ 200\\ 12\ 700\\ 16\ 100\\ 15\ 800\\ 17\ 200\end{array}$	

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	預計人口 <u>(截至二零二零年</u> <u>六月三十日)</u> Projected population <u>(as at 30 June 2020)</u> 區議會 選區 地方選區 <u>DCCA</u> <u>GC</u>	偏離百分比 % of deviation from
		和富	Provident	21 100	
		堡壘	Fort Street	16 000	
		錦屛	Kam Ping	15 900	
		丹拿	Tanner	16 500	
		健康村	Healthy Village	14 600	
		鰂魚涌	Quarry Bay	13 000	
		南豐	Nam Fung	13 600	
		康怡	Kornhill	14 400	
		康山	Kornhill Garden	13 700	
		興東	Hing Tung	17 900	
		下耀東	Lower Yiu Tung	17 000	
		上耀東	Upper Yiu Tung	13 000	
		興民	Hing Man	14 400	
		樂康	Lok Hong	12 600	
		翠德	Tsui Tak	12 500	
		漁灣	Yue Wan	14 700	
		佳曉	Kai Hiu	13 200	
				547 900	

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	預計人口 (截至二零二零年 六月三十日) Projected population (as at 30 June 2020) 區議會 選區 地方選區 <u>DCCA GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
		南區	<u>Southern</u>		
		香港仔	Aberdeen	19 100	
		鴨脷洲邨	Ap Lei Chau Estate	12 000	
		鴨脷洲北	Ap Lei Chau North	13 600	
		利東一	Lei Tung I	13 700	
		利東二	Lei Tung II	14 400	
		海怡東	South Horizons East	14 700	
		海怡西	South Horizons West	14 700	
		華貴	Wah Kwai	13 700	
		華富南	Wah Fu South	12 800	
		華富北	Wah Fu North	14 000	
		薄扶林	Pokfulam	20 900	
		置富	Chi Fu	16 100	
		田灣	Tin Wan	18 300	
		石漁	Shek Yue	15 500	
		黃竹坑	Wong Chuk Hang	17 200	
		海灣	Bays Area	18 500	
		赤柱及石澳	Stanley & Shek O	20 400	
				269 600	c

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	<u>(截至二</u> 六月 Projected	計人口 <u>二零二零年</u> <u>三十日)</u> d population June 2020) 地方選區 <u>GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
LC 2	九龍西 Kowloon West				1 205 300	-6.98%
	(包括油尖旺、 深水埗及九龍城	<u>油尖旺</u>	<u>Yau Tsim Mong</u>			
	三區)	尖沙咀西	Tsim Sha Tsui West	12 600		
	(Including the	九龍站	Kowloon Station	17 400		
	three administrative	佐敦西	Jordan West	16 600		
	districts of	油麻地南	Yau Ma Tei South	19 000		
	Yau Tsim Mong,	富榮	Charming	16 200		
	Sham Shui Po and	旺角西	Mong Kok West	16 100		
	Kowloon City)	富柏	Fu Pak	18 800		
		奧運	Olympic	17 200		
		櫻桃	Cherry	15 600		
		大角咀南	Tai Kok Tsui South	14 500		
		大角咀北 大南	Tai Kok Tsui North Tai Nan	20 400		
		八南 旺角北		20 200		
		虹戸北 旺角東	Mong Kok North Mong Kok East	18 700 16 400		
		亚 _円 束 旺角南	Mong Kok South	16 400		
		山 泊麻地北	Yau Ma Tei North	12 600		

暫定 地方選區代號 暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed Proposed code of GC name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	<u>(截至二</u> 六月 Projected	+人口 <u>:零二零年</u> 三十日) I population June 2020) 地方選區 <u>GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
	尖東及京士柏	East Tsim Sha Tsui & King's Park	14 400		
	佐敦北	Jordan North	17 600		
	佐敦南	Jordan South	12 600		
	尖沙咀中	Tsim Sha Tsui Central	14 400		
			328 100		
	<u>深水埗</u>	<u>Sham Shui Po</u>			
	寶麗	Po Lai	17 900		
	寶麗 長沙灣	Po Lai Cheung Sha Wan	17 900 15 700		
	長沙灣	Cheung Sha Wan	15 700		
	長沙灣 南昌北	Cheung Sha Wan Nam Cheong North	15 700 19 300		
	長沙灣 南昌北 石硤尾	Cheung Sha Wan Nam Cheong North Shek Kip Mei	15 700 19 300 19 000		
	長沙灣 南昌北 石硤尾 南昌東	Cheung Sha Wan Nam Cheong North Shek Kip Mei Nam Cheong East	15 700 19 300 19 000 22 500		
	長沙灣 南昌北 石硤尾 南昌南 南昌南	Cheung Sha Wan Nam Cheong North Shek Kip Mei Nam Cheong East Nam Cheong South	15 700 19 300 19 000 22 500 19 700		
	長沙 灣 石 破 昌 本 南 昌 南 昌 南 昌 中	Cheung Sha Wan Nam Cheong North Shek Kip Mei Nam Cheong East Nam Cheong South Nam Cheong Central	15 700 19 300 19 000 22 500 19 700 19 700		
	長南石南南南南南南昌昌	Cheung Sha Wan Nam Cheong North Shek Kip Mei Nam Cheong East Nam Cheong South Nam Cheong Central Nam Cheong West	15 700 19 300 19 000 22 500 19 700 19 700 20 700		
	長南石南南南南副副副副	Cheung Sha Wan Nam Cheong North Shek Kip Mei Nam Cheong East Nam Cheong South Nam Cheong Central Nam Cheong West Fu Cheong	15 700 19 300 19 000 22 500 19 700 19 700 20 700 18 500		
	長南石南南南南富麗沙昌硤昌昌昌昌昌昌昌昌昌昌昌昌昌昌昌昌昌昌昌昌昌昌]	Cheung Sha Wan Nam Cheong North Shek Kip Mei Nam Cheong East Nam Cheong South Nam Cheong Central Nam Cheong West Fu Cheong Lai Kok	15 700 19 300 19 000 22 500 19 700 19 700 20 700 18 500 13 000		

Proposed Prop	選區名稱 posed of GC	所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	<u>(截至二</u> 六月 Projected	計人口 <u>二零二零年</u> <u>三十日)</u> d population June 2020) 地方選區 <u>GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
	荔枝角南	Lai Chi Kok South	16 700		
	美孚南	Mei Foo South	16 400		
	美孚中	Mei Foo Central	12 600		
	美孚北	Mei Foo North	15 700		
	荔枝角北	Lai Chi Kok North	15 600		
	元州	Un Chau	18 300		
	蘇屋	So Uk	19 200		
	李鄭屋	Lei Cheng Uk	13 300		
	龍坪及上白田	Lung Ping & Sheung Pak Tin	11 500		
	下白田	Ha Pak Tin	22 000		
	又一村	Yau Yat Tsuen	14 500		
	南山、大坑東	Nam Shan, Tai Hang Tung & Tai	19 500		
	及大坑西	Hang Sai			
			447 800		
	九龍城	<u>Kowloon City</u>			
	馬頭圍	Ma Tau Wai	20 400		
	宋皇臺	Sung Wong Toi	20 300		Ĩ
	馬坑涌	Ma Hang Chung	20 700		u u

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	<u>(截至二</u> 六月 Projected	計人口 <u>二零二零年</u> <u>三十日)</u> d population June 2020) 地方選區 <u>GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
		馬頭角	Ma Tau Kok	14 400		
		樂民	Lok Man	15 200		
		常樂	Sheung Lok	22 100		
		何文田	Ho Man Tin	19 600		
		嘉道理	Kadoorie	19 100		
		太子	Prince	14 900		
		九龍塘	Kowloon Tong	20 100		
		龍城	Lung Shing	15 500		
		啟德北	Kai Tak North	13 400		
		啟德東	Kai Tak East	12 900		
		啟德中及南	Kai Tak Central & South	17 300		
		海心	Hoi Sham	14 900		
		土瓜灣北	To Kwa Wan North	14 500		
		土瓜灣南	To Kwa Wan South	16 700		
		鶴園海逸	Hok Yuen Laguna Verde	18 800		
		黃埔東	Whampoa East	17 400		
		黃埔西	Whampoa West	20 700		
		紅磡灣	Hung Hom Bay	18 300		
		紅磡	Hung Hom	13 800		
		家維	Ka Wai	19 800		

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	<u>(截至二</u> 六月 Projected	計人口 <u>二零二零年</u> <u>三十日)</u> d population <u>) June 2020)</u> 地方選區 <u>GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
		愛民	Oi Man	15 700		
		愛俊	Oi Chun	12 900		
				429 400		
LC 3	九龍東 Kowloon East				1 120 800	+3.80%
	(包括黃大仙 及觀塘兩區)	黃大仙	<u>Wong Tai Sin</u>			
	(Including the	龍趣	Lung Tsui	16 200		
	two administrative	龍下	Lung Ha	16 600		
	districts of	龍上	Lung Sheung	19 300		
	Wong Tai Sin and Kwun Tong)	鳳凰	Fung Wong	15 000		
	and Kwun Tong)	鳳德	Fung Tak	15 500		
		龍星	Lung Sing	19 000		
		新蒲崗	San Po Kong	19 900		
		東頭	Tung Tau	17 900		
		東美	Tung Mei	15 900		
		樂富	Lok Fu	13 900		
		橫頭磡	Wang Tau Hom	16 700		Ŧ
		天強	Tin Keung	13 800		20 00 00
		翠竹及鵬程	Tsui Chuk & Pang Ching	17 500		

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included		<u>零年</u> <u>1)</u> lation 所得數目
		竹園南	Chuk Yuen South	15 200	
		竹園北	Chuk Yuen North	15 000	
		慈雲西	Tsz Wan West	20 000	
		正愛	Ching Oi	20 600	
		正安	Ching On	22 100	
		慈雲東	Tsz Wan East	20 400	
		瓊富	King Fu	20 400	
		彩雲東	Choi Wan East	13 900	
		彩雲南	Choi Wan South	12 400	
		彩雲西	Choi Wan West	13 200	
		池彩	Chi Choi	20 100	
		彩虹	Choi Hung	14 700	
				425 200	
		觀塘	<u>Kwun Tong</u>		
		觀塘中心	Kwun Tong Central	16 600	
		九龍灣	Kowloon Bay	13 200	
		啟業	Kai Yip	20 200	
		麗晶	Lai Ching	15 400	C

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	<u>(截至二</u> 六月 Projected	計人口 <u>二零二零年</u> <u>三十日)</u> d population June 2020) 地方選區 <u>GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
		坪石	Ping Shek	16 400		
		彩德	Choi Tak	17 500		
		佐敦谷	Jordan Valley	20 200		
		順天	Shun Tin	18 200		
		雙順	Sheung Shun	17 500		
		安利	On Lee	18 200		
		觀塘安泰	Kwun Tong On Tai	20 800		
		秀茂坪北	Sau Mau Ping North	18 900		
		秀茂坪中	Sau Mau Ping Central	19 600		
		安達	On Tat	19 700		
		秀茂坪南	Sau Mau Ping South	20 000		
		寶達	Po Tat	20 200		
		廣德	Kwong Tak	17 800		
		興田	Hing Tin	16 800		
		藍田	Lam Tin	20 400		
		平田	Ping Tin	17 500		
		栢雅	Pak Nga	13 000		
		俊翔	Chun Cheung	17 100		
		油塘東	Yau Tong East	15 700		1
		油翠	Yau Chui	17 900		a :
		油麗	Yau Lai	16 000		

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	<u>(截至二</u> 六月 Projected	计人口 <u>[零二零年</u> <u>三十日)</u> I population June 2020) 地方選區 <u>GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
		油塘西	Yau Tong West	20 400		
		麗港城	Laguna City	24 500		
		景田	King Tin	20 600		
		翠屏	Tsui Ping	18 400		
		曉麗	Hiu Lai	17 400		
		寶樂	Po Lok	13 800		
		月華	Yuet Wah	13 300		
		協康	Hip Hong	16 000		
		樂華南	Lok Wah South	12 500		
		樂華北	Lok Wah North	12 400		
		康樂	Hong Lok	15 400		
		定安	Ting On	16 600		
		牛頭角上邨	Upper Ngau Tau Kok Estate	15 000		
		牛頭角下邨	Lower Ngau Tau Kok Estate	17 500		
		淘大	To Tai	17 000		
				695 600		

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	<u>(截至二</u> 六月 Projected	+人口 <u>:零二零年</u> 三十日) I population June 2020) 地方選區 <u>GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
LC 4	新界西				2 174 700	+11.90%
	New Territories West (包括荃灣、	t <u>荃灣</u>	<u>Tsuen Wan</u>			
	屯門、元朗、 葵青及離島 五區) (Including the five administrative districts of Tsuen Wan, Tuen Mun, Yuen Long, Kwai Tsing and Islands)	德楊荃海荃祈荃愉福綠馬荃汀麗荃象華屋灣濱灣德灣景來楊灣灣深濤威石道南 西尊中 區	Tak Wah Yeung Uk Road Tsuen Wan South Hoi Bun Tsuen Wan West Clague Garden Tsuen Wan Centre Discovery Park Fuk Loi Luk Yeung Ma Wan Tsuen Wan Rural Ting Sham Lai To Allway Cheung Shek	$\begin{array}{c} 15\ 200\\ 17\ 800\\ 20\ 600\\ 18\ 400\\ 20\ 200\\ 18\ 200\\ 14\ 800\\ 15\ 900\\ 13\ 800\\ 13\ 800\\ 13\ 300\\ 15\ 400\\ 19\ 600\\ 17\ 300\\ 17\ 700\\ 18\ 800\\ 12\ 900\\ \end{array}$		

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	<u>(截至二</u> 六月 Projected	+人口 <u>:零二零年</u> <u>三十日)</u> I population June 2020) 地方選區 <u>GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
		石圍角	Shek Wai Kok	12 600		
		梨木樹西	Lei Muk Shue West	17 000		
		梨木樹東	Lei Muk Shue East	17 300		
				316 800		
		<u> </u>	<u>Tuen Mun</u>			
		屯門市中心	Tuen Mun Town Centre	20 600		
		兆置	Siu Chi	19 700		
		安定	On Ting	15 600		
		兆翠	Siu Tsui	18 300		
		友愛南	Yau Oi South	14 800		
		友愛北	Yau Oi North	14 400		
		翠興	Tsui Hing	17 900		
		山景	Shan King	16 900		
		景興	King Hing	15 200		
		興澤	Hing Tsak	15 100		
		新墟	San Hui	20 400		
		掃管笏 一 即	So Kwun Wat	17 100		
		三聖 恒福	Sam Shing Hanford	17 100		4 00 0
		旦川田	пашога	14 300		

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	預計人口 <u>(截至二零二零年</u> <u>六月三十日)</u> Projected population <u>(as at 30 June 2020)</u> 區議會 選區 地方選區 <u>DCCA GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
		悅湖	Yuet Wu	13 500	
		兆禧	Siu Hei	12 500	
		湖景	Wu King	13 100	
		蝴蝶	Butterfly	15 900	
		富新	Fu Sun	18 300	
		樂翠	Lok Tsui	14 500	
		龍門	Lung Mun	17 000	
		新景	San King	13 900	
		良景	Leung King	12 700	
		田景	Tin King	15 600	
		寶田	Po Tin	15 000	
		建生	Kin Sang	17 200	
		兆康	Siu Hong	15 600	
		欣田	Yan Tin	17 000	
		屯門鄉郊	Tuen Mun Rural	20 800	
		富泰	Fu Tai	18 900	
		景峰	Prime View	19 900	
				508 800	

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	預計人口 (截至二零二零年 六月三十日)Projected population (as at 30 June 2020)Gia at 30 June 2020)協離百分比區議會炒方選區地方選區DCCAGC	
		<u>元朗</u>	<u>Yuen Long</u>		
		豐年	Fung Nin	19 000	
		元朗中心	Yuen Long Centre	15 600	
		鳳翔	Fung Cheung	16 100	
		元龍	Yuen Lung	13 800	
		十八鄉中	Shap Pat Heung Central	20 900	
		水邊	Shui Pin	18 600	
		南屏	Nam Ping	14 700	
		北朗	Pek Long	13 200	
		元朗東頭	Yuen Long Tung Tau	13 700	
		十八鄉北	Shap Pat Heung North	15 100	
		十八鄉東	Shap Pat Heung East	13 700	
		十八鄉西	Shap Pat Heung West	19 600	
		屏山南	Ping Shan South	16 700	
		洪福	Hung Fuk	12 600	
		<u> </u>	Ha Tsuen	15 700	
		屏山中	Ping Shan Central	15 000	ſ
		盛欣	Shing Yan	14 300	age
		天盛	Tin Shing	12 900	L

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	<u>(截至二</u> 六月 Projected	十人口 <u>(零二零年</u> <u>三十日)</u> d population June 2020) 地方選區 <u>GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
		天耀	Tin Yiu	12 600		
		耀祐	Yiu Yau	13 700		
		慈祐	Tsz Yau	14 400		
		嘉湖南	Kingswood South	16 700		
		瑞愛	Shui Oi	17 400		
		瑞華	Shui Wah	14 600		
		頌華	Chung Wah	16 800		
		頌栢	Chung Pak	15 700		
		嘉湖北	Kingswood North	21 900		
		悅恩	Yuet Yan	18 400		
		晴景	Ching King	18 900		
		富恩	Fu Yan	19 700		
		逸澤	Yat Chak	20 000		
		天恒	Tin Heng	20 100		
		宏逸	Wang Yat	18 200		
		屏山北	Ping Shan North	14 500		
		錦綉花園	Fairview Park	19 700		
		新田	San Tin	19 800		
		錦田	Kam Tin	21 700		

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	<u>(截至二</u> 六月 Projected	計人口 <u>二零二零年</u> 三十日) I population June 2020) 地方選區 <u>GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
		八鄉北	Pat Heung North	13 600		
		八鄉南	Pat Heung South	<u>21 100</u> 650 700		
		葵青	<u>Kwai Tsing</u>			
		葵興	Kwai Hing	13 200		
		葵聯	Kwai Luen	13 400		
		葵盛東邨	Kwai Shing East Estate	19 800		
		上大窩口	Upper Tai Wo Hau	14 600		
		下大窩口	Lower Tai Wo Hau	13 000		
		葵涌邨南	Kwai Chung Estate South	21 500		
		葵涌邨北	Kwai Chung Estate North	19 700		
		石蔭	Shek Yam	19 600		
		大白田西	Tai Pak Tin West	15 600		
		大白田東	Tai Pak Tin East	16 200		
		安蔭	On Yam	16 000		
		石籬北	Shek Lei North	15 000		
		石籬南	Shek Lei South	19 400		
		葵芳	Kwai Fong	18 000		

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	<u>(截至二</u> 六月 Projected	計人口 <u>「零二零年</u> 三十日〕 I population June 2020〕 地方選區 <u>GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
		興芳	Hing Fong	14 800		
		華麗	Wah Lai	16 300		
		荔華	Lai Wah	15 500		
		祖堯	Cho Yiu	15 300		
		荔景	Lai King	13 600		
		葵盛西邨	Kwai Shing West Estate	17 800		
		安灝	On Ho	19 800		
		偉盈	Wai Ying	19 400		
		青衣邨	Tsing Yi Estate	15 500		
		翠怡	Greenfield	18 100		
		長青	Cheung Ching	19 400		
		長康	Cheung Hong	14 100		
		盛康	Shing Hong	14 600		
		青衣南	Tsing Yi South	16 900		
		長亨	Cheung Hang	13 200		
		青發	Ching Fat	17 900		
		長安	Cheung On	12 700		
				509 900		

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	<u>(截至二</u> 六月 Projected	計人口 <u>:零二零年</u> <u>三十日)</u> d population <u>June 2020)</u> 地方選區 <u>GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
		<u>離島</u>	<u>Islands</u>			
		大嶼山 滿逸東涌 東東東東 東 小 川 一 北 灣 及 京 一 北 灣 天 八 八 八 八 八 八 八 〇 八 〇 八 〇 〇 八 〇 〇 八 〇	Lantau Mun Yat Yat Tung Estate North Tung Chung South Tung Chung Central Tung Chung North Discovery Bay Peng Chau & Hei Ling Chau Lamma & Po Toi Cheung Chau	$\begin{array}{c} 24\ 500\\ 23\ 900\\ 24\ 500\\ 21\ 100\\ 20\ 900\\ 19\ 100\\ 19\ 900\\ 6\ 400\\ 6\ 500\\ \underline{21\ 700}\\ 188\ 500 \end{array}$		

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	<u>(截至二</u> 六月 Projected	+人口 <u>:零二零年</u> 三十日) I population June 2020) 地方選區 <u>GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
LC 5	新界東				1 824 600	-6.12%
	New Territories East (包括北區、 大埔、沙田	<u>北區</u>	<u>North</u>			
	及西貢四區)	聯和墟	Luen Wo Hui	21 000		
	(Including the	粉嶺市	Fanling Town	15 200		
	four administrative	祥華	Cheung Wah	16 300		
	districts of	華都	Wah Do	18 300		
	North, Tai Po, Sha Tin and	華明	Wah Ming	16 400		
	Sna Tin and Sai Kung)	欣盛	Yan Shing	21 400		
	Sai Kulig)	粉嶺南	Fanling South	14 700		
		盛福	Shing Fuk	14 600		
		清河	Ching Ho	20 200		
		御太	Yu Tai	19 700		
		上水鄉郊	Sheung Shui Rural	21 300		
		彩園	Choi Yuen	17 100		
		石湖墟	Shek Wu Hui	23 200		
		天平西	Tin Ping West	13 100		
		鳳翠	Fung Tsui	18 700		an a
		沙打	Sha Ta	18 400		, L

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	<u>(截至二</u> 六月 Projected	計人口 <u>二零二零年</u> <u>三十日)</u> d population June 2020) 地方選區 <u>GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
		天平東	Tin Ping East	17 100		
		皇后山	Queen's Hill	<u>18 400</u> <u>325 100</u>		
		大埔	<u>Tai Po</u>			
		大埔墟	Tai Po Hui	19 600		
		頌汀	Chung Ting	14 700		
		大埔中	Tai Po Central	13 700		
		大元	Tai Yuen	13 600		
		富亨	Fu Heng	15 300		
		怡富	Yee Fu	14 900		
		富明新	Fu Ming Sun	13 300		
		廣福及寶湖	Kwong Fuk & Plover Cove	12 600		
		宏福	Wang Fuk	23 400		
		大埔滘	Tai Po Kau	18 000		
		運頭塘	Wan Tau Tong	15 500		
		新富	San Fu	15 500		
		林村谷	Lam Tsuen Valley	17 900		(1 ag
		寶雅	Po Nga	17 800		

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	<u>(截至二</u> 六月 Projected	+人口 <u>:零二零年</u> <u>三十日)</u> I population June 2020) 地方選區 <u>GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
		太和	Tai Wo	13 500		
		舊墟及太湖	Old Market & Serenity	17 400		
		康樂園	Hong Lok Yuen	20 700		
		船灣	Shuen Wan	20 800		
		西貢北	Sai Kung North	14 100		
		<u>沙田</u>	<u>Sha Tin</u>	312 300		
		沙田市中心	Sha Tin Town Centre	18 800		
		瀝源	Lek Yuen	15 700		
		禾輋邨	Wo Che Estate	17 300		
		第一城	City One	15 700		
		愉城	Yue Shing	15 300		
		王屋	Wong Uk	17 000		
		沙角	Sha Kok	15 900		
		博康	Pok Hong	15 900		
		水泉澳	Shui Chuen O	20 700		
		乙泉	Jat Chuen	19 700		200 200 200
		秦豐	Chun Fung	15 500		

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	<u>(截至二</u> 六月 Projected	十人口 <u>(零二零年</u> <u>三十日)</u> I population June 2020) 地方選區 <u>GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
		新田圍	Sun Tin Wai	15 900		
		翠田	Chui Tin	14 800		
		顯嘉	Hin Ka	13 200		
		下城門	Lower Shing Mun	19 700		
		雲城	Wan Shing	19 800		
		徑口	Keng Hau	19 400		
		田心	Tin Sum	14 000		
		翠嘉	Chui Ka	18 200		
		大圍	Tai Wai	20 200		
		松田	Chung Tin	15 000		
		穗禾	Sui Wo	25 200		
		火炭	Fo Tan	20 900		
		駿馬	Chun Ma	13 600		
		海嵐	Hoi Nam	12 700		
		頌安	Chung On	16 200		
		錦濤	Kam To	19 700		
		馬鞍山市中心	Ma On Shan Town Centre	17 300		
		鳥溪沙	Wu Kai Sha	23 000		
		利安	Lee On	16 100		5
		富龍	Fu Lung	17 400		a a
		錦英	Kam Ying	16 800		

暫定 地方選區代號 暫定地方選區名和 Proposed Proposed code of GC name of GC	爯	所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	預計人口 (截至二零二零年 六月三十日)所得數目 偏離百分比Image: Projected population所得數目 偏離百分比Image: Case of the state of the s
	耀安	Yiu On	17 600
	恆安	Heng On	19 800
	大水坑	Tai Shui Hang	18 900
	鞍泰	On Tai	14 300
	愉欣	Yu Yan	18 800
	帝怡	Di Yee	17 300
	碧湖	Bik Woo	16 300
	廣康 廣源	Kwong Hong	13 100
	庾你	Kwong Yuen	$\frac{13\ 300}{706\ 000}$
	<u>西貢</u>	<u>Sai Kung</u>	
	四頁	<u>Sai Kung</u>	
	西貢市中心	Sai Kung Central	11 200
	白沙灣	Pak Sha Wan	15 700
	西貢離島	Sai Kung Islands	12 900
	坑口東	Hang Hau East	13 800
	坑口西	Hang Hau West	19 200
	彩健	Choi Kin	19 400 16 000
	健明	Kin Ming	16 000

暫定 地方選區代號 Proposed code of GC	暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed name of GC		所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	<u>(截至二</u> <u>六月</u> Projected	計人口 <u>二零二零年</u> <u>三十日)</u> d population June 2020) 地方選區 <u>GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
		『善	Do Shin	14 900		
	維	檺	Wai King	14 500		
	海	晉	Hoi Chun	21 200		
	寶	昏怡	Po Yee	15 300		
	信	君	Fu Kwan	19 000		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	唐	O Tong	17 400		
	<u> </u> 口	6德	Sheung Tak	18 700		
	廣	盱明	Kwong Ming	17 800		
	康	景	Hong King	12 700		
	코르 수수	2林	Tsui Lam	14 800		
	寶	愛林	Po Lam	15 400		
	欣	英	Yan Ying	18 200		
		素茵	Wai Yan	13 600		
	運	亭	Wan Hang	14 100		
	累	長林	King Lam	17 100		
	厚	包德	Hau Tak	17 500		
	富	f藍	Fu Nam	16 900		
	德	感明	Tak Ming	18 700		
		安	Nam On	18 200		
	軍	寶	Kwan Po	13 700		

暫定 地方選區代號 暫定地方選區名稱 Proposed Proposed code of GC name of GC	所包括的 區議會選區 DCCAs included	預計人口 (截至二零二零年 六月三十日) Projected population (as at 30 June 2020) 區議會 選區 地方選區 <u>DCCA</u> <u>GC</u>	所得數目 偏離百分比 % of deviation from resulting number
環保北環保南	Wan Po North Wan Po South	18 800 24 500 481 200	

Item	N	0.*		
No.	W	0	Representations	EAC's Views
Numl	ber of	Geogr	raphical Constituencies ("GCs	
1	1	-	Supports the Electoral Affairs Commission's ("EAC") provisional recommendations on maintaining the existing boundaries of the 5 GCs.	The supporting view is noted.
2	4	-	 (a) Propose to add a GC named "New Territories North" in the New Territories North" in the New Territories. Reasons provided by each representation are summarised as follows: the seats for New Territories West ("NTW") GC is perennially insufficient. The percentage deviation of the population from the resulting number for NTW GC has long been high, and it reaches as high as +11.90% under the present delineation. The current mechanism is unfair to the electors concerned; New Territories East ("NTE") and NTW GCs are too large in area. The Legislative Council ("LegCo") candidates or Members of the GCs 	of GC boundaries for the 2020 LegCo General

Summary of Written/Oral Representations

^{*} W: Number of written representations. O: Number of oral representations.

em No.*				
o. W 0	Kepresentations	EAU'S Views		
o. W O	appropriate to add a new GC than to transfer administrative districts in existing GCs because	does not fall under the purview of the EAC, the EAC has referred the relevant views to the Constitutional and Mainland Affairs Bureau ("CMAB") for		

Appendix III (Page 3/20)

Item	N	<i>0</i> . [*]		
No.	W	0	<i>Representations</i>	EAC's Views
			reflect the local	
			livelihood and social	
			characteristics of the	
			above administrative	
			districts accurately.	
			(b) One of the representations	
			proposes to transfer the	
			Tuen Mun and Yuen Long	
			Districts of NTW GC and	
			the North and Tai Po	
			Districts of NTE GC to the	
			new GC named "New	
			Territories North" so as to	
			better reflect the local	
			livelihood and social	
			characteristics of the	
			above administrative	
			districts.	
			(c) One of the representations	
			proposes to transfer the	
			Yuen Long District of	
			NTW GC and the North	
			and Tai Po Districts	
			(except the Sai Kung	
			North Constituency) of	
			NTE GC to the new GC	
			named "New Territories	
			North". Besides, it	
			proposes to transfer	
			District Council	
			Constituency Area	
			("DCCA") of the Islands	
			District (the Lamma & Po	
			Toi Constituency) from	
			NTW GC to Hong Kong	
			Island ("HKI") GC while	
			the Sai Kung North	
			Constituency which	
			currently belongs to the	
			Tai Po District should	

Appendix III (Page 4/20)

Item	N	<i>0</i> . [*]		EAC's Vienes		
No.	W O		- Representations	EAC's Views		
			remain in NTE GC. The above proposal will lead to a more balanced distribution of population and seats among the new GC of "New Territories North" and the other 5 GCs, and a more logical GC delineation.			
			(d) One of the representations proposes to transfer the Yuen Long District of NTW GC and the North District of NTE GC to the new GC named "New Territories North".			
3	1		 (a) Since the size of HKI is larger than that of Kowloon, proposes to delineate HKI into 3 GCs by the name of, for instance, "Hong Kong Island East", "Hong Kong Island West" and "Hong Kong Island West" and "Hong Kong Island South". (b) Proposes that the Islands District should form an individual GC. Reasons are as follows: the area of NTW GC is too large; the Islands District is very different from other administrative districts of NTW GC in terms of living 	Items (a) and (b)These proposals are notaccepted because:(i) according to the requirement of the LCO, there are to be 5 GCs for the purpose of returning Members for the 2020 LegCo General Election. This requirement is a statutory pre-condition for the EAC, as to which the EAC must strictly adhere and has no authority to make any variation. Under the circumstance that there is no addition to the number of GCs under the law, the EAC cannot add 2 GCs to HKI or 1 GC to the Islands District; and		

Item	N	0.*	D			
No.	W O		Representations	EAC's Views		
			 transport and background of the population. Besides, some LegCo Members of NTW GC are not living in the Islands District and do not have a good understanding of the needs of the residents in the Islands District. They are therefore not qualified to represent the electors of the Islands District; and the Islands District has fewer residents than other places in NTW GC. The LegCo Members concerned will not spend much time in taking care of the needs of the residents in the Islands District. 	referred the relevant views to the CMAB for consideration.		
4	2	1	 Propose that the whole territory of Hong Kong should be designated as one single GC for returning Members for all the 35 GC seats. One of the representations provides the following reasons: the area of Hong Kong is not large. Electors should choose all the LegCo Members whom are deemed suitable; and LegCo Members should represent all members of the 	enactment of the primary legislation, which does not fall under the purview of the EAC. The EAC has referred the relevant view to the CMAB for consideration.		

Item	Na).*	n ce	EAC's L'anna	
No.	W	0	Representations	EAC's Views	
			public in Hong Kong, and should not be elected by electors of individual GCs.		
5	-	2	(a) The representations consider that NTW GC covers a large area, and its percentage deviation of the population from the resulting number is high and near +12%. In the anticipation that the population of NTW GC will increase further, they propose that the Government should rectify the problem of insufficient seats for NTW GC as soon as possible. The review should commence upon the conclusion of the 2020 LegCo General Election so that the relevant work can be completed by 2020 or 2021, with a view to facilitating those who have intention to stand at the election to plan in advance the relevant preparatory work.	legislation, which does not fall under the purview of the EAC. The EAC has referred the relevant views to the CMAB for consideration.	
			(b) One of the representations proposes an increase in the number of GCs to solve the problem of insufficient seats for NTW GC, and considers that a delay in the review on whether or not to increase the number of GCs until 2022 or 2023 is infeasible.		

Item	N	0.*		
No.	W	0	Representations	EAC's Views
Num	ber of	seats		
6	2	-	Support the EAC's provisional recommendations on maintaining the number of seats allocated to each GC unchanged.	The supporting views are noted.
7	1	_	 (a) Agrees in principle with the EAC's provisional recommendations as it is understood that the EAC is required to comply with various statutory provisions and criteria in conducting the delineation exercise, and hence, there is very limited room for adjustment. The representation also agrees with the current calculation method for allocating seats to each GC and the rationale behind (i.e. the "principle of equal representation" which enables the number of people represented by each seat of the LegCo GCs be roughly the same on average). 	Item (a) The view is noted.
			(b) The EAC can only allocate 9 seats to NTW GC in view of the statutory upper limit of seats even though it should be entitled to 10 seats. This reflects the failure of the existing legislation in keeping up with the actual situation and hence imposed restrictions on the EAC's	Item (b) The proposal made in the representation is related to the enactment of the primary legislation, which does not fall under the purview of the EAC. The EAC has referred the relevant view to the CMAB for consideration.

Appendix III (Page 8/20)

Item	No.*		D ()		
No.	W	0	Representations	EAC's Views	
			work in delineating GC boundaries. Such situation is considered undesirable. Proposes to revise the LCO to increase the upper limit of seats for each GC to 10 in the next LegCo general election.		
8	-	1	Proposes that the Government should revise the existing requirement of returning no more than 9 Members for each GC, with a view to allowing 10 seats be allocated to NTW GC.	The proposal made in the representation is related to the enactment of the primary legislation, which does not fall under the purview of the EAC. The EAC has referred the relevant view to the CMAB for consideration.	
9	1		 Proposes to add 10 seats to the LegCo bringing the total number of seats to 80, and to create a new GC named "Islands" and two new functional constituencies ("FCs"), namely Sports FC and Landscape FC. The allocation of the newly-added seats is as follows: "Islands" GC: 3 seats; Sports FC: 1 seat; Landscape FC: 1 seat; NTW GC: 1 seat; Kowloon East ("KE") GC: 1 seat; District Council ("DC") 	The proposal made in the representation is related to Annex II to the Basic Law and provisions of the primary legislation, which do not fall under the purview of the EAC. The EAC has referred the relevant view to the CMAB for consideration.	
			• District Council ("DC") (First) FC: 2 seats; and		

Item	N	0.*		
No.	W	0	- Representations	EAC's Views
			• DC (Second) FC: 1 seat.	
Work	ing p	rinain	las	
10	<u>1 1</u>	-	Although understands that the (i)	While the EAC agrees that
	_		EAC has no authority to revise	on-going development in
			the statutory criteria for	community infrastructure
			delineating GC boundaries,	and transport network may
			hopes that the EAC or the	increase connections of
			Government will look into the	HKI, Kowloon and the
			following issues in details in	New Territories, in
			future for long term planning:	particular their bordering
				areas, the EAC also notes
			• although it is understood	that the boundaries and
			that one of the EAC's	names of the existing GCs
			established working	were drawn up according
			principles is to treat HKI,	to the relevant working
			Kowloon and the New	principle in the first LegCo
			Territories separately, given	general election in 1998
			the rapid urban	and have been used since
			development, the	then. Members of the
			boundaries of many areas	public are already used to
			have become increasingly	the conventional division
			unclear, and the delineation	of HKI, Kowloon and the
			in the early years has failed	New Territories as three
			to keep up with the	distinct components. In
			changing need of the	this connection, the EAC
			community. For instance,	considers that HKI,
			Stonecutters Island, once a	Kowloon and the New
			small island, has been	Territories should be
			connected to the nearby	treated separately as far as
			land after reclamation works	possible having regard to
			in recent years. Due to the	the statutory criteria under
			constrains of the delineation	the EACO (in particular
			of administrative districts in	the percentage deviations
			the early years, Stonecutters	of the projected population
			Island currently spans over	from the resulting number
			the Sham Shui Po and Kwai	of the GCs are all within
			Tsing Districts, but not	the 15% statutory
			entirely belongs to the	permissible range); and
			nearest Sham Shui Po	
			District. This greatly (ii)	
			increases the cost of district	representation to put the

Item	<i>No</i> .*		D ()		
No.	W	0	- Representations	EAC's Views	
			 administration in the Kwai Tsing District; and the Kwai Tsing District should be transferred to a GC in Kowloon. Many electors of the Kwai Tsing District have regarded Kwai Chung as an extension of Kowloon West ("KW") GC. Most residents would not consider that there is an obvious difference between the surrounding area of the Kwai Tsing District and Kowloon. Therefore, geographically speaking, there would be no big problem to transfer the Kwai Tsing District to a GC in Kowloon. 	view to the Government for consideration.	
11	-	1	 Considers that treating HKI, Kowloon and the New Territories separately is only a working principle of the EAC but not a statutory requirement. In view of the growing population of NTW and KE GCs, proposes to: transfer part of the Islands District (with the population) to HKI GC; and transfer those parts of KE GC which is geographically close to KW GC (with the population) to KW GC. 	2020 LegCo General Election, in accordance	

Item	Na).*	Demons (/ /	EAC's Views		
No.	W	0	Representations	EAC's Views		
				 of the existing 5 GCs are all within the 15% permissible range stipulated under section 20(1)(b) of the EACO. According to the established working principles, adjustment to their existing boundaries is not necessary; and (ii) please see view (i) under item 10. 		
12	-	1	Objects to the working principle of treating HKI, Kowloon and the New Territories separately due to the continuous decrease in HKI's population and the continuous population growth in the New Territories. Under such circumstances, some areas in the New Territories should be transferred to HKI GC, rather than creating the new "New Territories North" GC.	 This proposal is not accepted because: (i) regarding the delineation of GC boundaries for the 2020 LegCo General Election, in accordance with the calculation based on the latest projected population figures, the percentage deviations of the projected population from the resulting number of the existing 5 GCs are all within the 15% permissible range stipulated under section 20(1)(b) of the EACO. According to the established working principles, adjustment to their existing boundaries is not necessary; and (ii) please see view (i) under item 10. 		

Item	N	0.*		
No.	W	0	- Representations	EAC's Views
13		1	Considers that apart from the projected population, the EAC should also take the community integrity, in particular the transport network into account when conducting the delineation exercise.	The view is noted. The EAC conducts the delineation exercise in accordance with all relevant statutory provisions and criteria as well as established working principles, in which the EACO stipulates that apart from taking into account the projected population, the EAC shall also have regard to other statutory factors, including community identities, preservation of local ties and physical features (such as size, shape, accessibility and development) of the relevant area. Therefore, under the EAC's delineation recommendations, the GCs are all along composed of entire administrative districts and there would be no splitting of DCCAs in an administrative district.
Othe				
(I) L	egislati	ive am	endments	1
14	1	2	 The representations raise views on the statutory permissible range of deviation: one of the representations states that the percentage deviation of the population from the resulting number is near +12% for NTW GC and near -6% for NTE GC. The two GCs differ in population by about 350 000 but are both allocated with 9 seats. It is doubtful whether the 	legislation, which does not fall under the purview of the EAC. The EAC has referred the relevant views to the CMAB for consideration.

Appendix III (Page 13/20)

Item	N	0.*	Roprosontations	EAC's Views	
No.	W	0	Representations	LAC S VIEWS	
			existing 15% permissible range of deviation is still appropriate.		
			 one of the representations considers that the existing 15% permissible range of deviation has provided adequate flexibility for the 		
			delineation exercise. The Government should not relax this restriction easily.		
			• one of the representations considers the existing statutory permissible range of the percentage deviation of the population from the resulting number of 15% is appropriate. Nevertheless, as a result of the Government's development, the population in some areas of the New Territories (such as Kwu Tung North and Fanling North, etc.) will increase in the long run. In view of this, the Government should be forward-looking and review		
			the legislation relating to the delineation so as to tie in with the latest demographic situation in individual GCs.		
15	1	-	Requests the EAC to urge the Government to revise the LCO and repeal the largest remainders formula of "Hare quota" adopted for allocation of the elected GC seats and DC	The proposal made in the representation is related to the electoral system, involving provisions of the LCO, which does not fall under the purview of the EAC. The EAC has	

Item	N	<i>o</i> .*	Dannasantations	EAC's Views	
No.	W	0	- Representations	EAC's Views	
			the "d'Hondt method" or the "Droop quota" should be adopted to avoid the significant wastage of votes cast and minimise the fragmentation of the LegCo caused by multiple minority parties.	CMAB for consideration.	
16	-	1	(a) Considers that the Lok Ma Chau Loop is part of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. However, the Lok Ma Chau Loop is not included in the area of NTW or NTE GC as shown in the maps of the EAC's provisional recommendations on GC boundaries.	Regarding the boundaries and names of GCs for the 2020 LegCo General Election, the EAC must follow sections 18	
			(b) Enquires about the responsible party for delineating the boundaries of administrative districts and whether the EAC will include the Lok Ma Chau	Item (b) The statutory functions of the EAC include considering or reviewing the boundaries of LegCo GCs, but not delineating the areas of administrative	

Item	N	0.*		
No.	W	0	Representations	EAC's Views
			Loop in any of the GCs if there is a change to the boundaries of the administrative districts in the 2023 DC Ordinary Election.	districts, which is under the purview of the Government. In drawing up the provisional recommendations, the EAC must, in accordance with the requirements of the EACO, give regard to the existing boundaries of administrative districts. The EAC will continue to adhere to the relevant legislation in future delineation exercises.
17	-	1	Suggests that the Government should revise the electoral systems and fully implement direct GC elections in future LegCo elections.	The suggestion made in the representation is related to Annex II to the Basic Law and provisions of the primary legislation, which do not fall under the purview of the EAC. The EAC has referred the relevant view to the CMAB for consideration.
18	-	1	Proposes to delineate a new administrative district at the Tseung Kwan O New Town of the Sai Kung District in the delineation exercises for future DC ordinary elections. In addition, proposes to transfer Ma On Shan from the Sha Tin District to the Sai Kung District to reflect the existing community environment and flow of residents.	The proposal made in the representation involves changing of the number and boundaries of administrative districts, which do not fall under the purview of the EAC. The EAC has referred this view to the Government for consideration.
(II) A	1 <i>djustn</i>	nent of	f GC boundaries	
19	1	-	Proposes to transfer islands, other than Lantau Island or islands to the east of Lantau Island of the Islands District	This proposal is not accepted because:

Item	Ne	0.*	Ronwosontations	EAC's Views		
No.	W	0	Representations	LAC'S VIEWS		
			 from NTW GC to HKI GC, and put the aforementioned islands in the Central & Western DC. Reasons are as follows: the percentage deviations of the population for both NTW and HKI GCs will be smaller under this proposal 	 (i) regarding the delineation of GC boundaries for the 2020 LegCo General Election, in accordance with the calculation based on the latest projected population figures, the percentage deviations of the projected population from the resulting number 		
			 shaller under this proposal than that in the provisional recommendations; the islands proposed to be transferred are isolated from NTW GC geographically and have no actual ties with the GC. In contrast, they are closely connected with HKI, especially in terms of transport; 	of the existing 5 GCs are all within the 15% permissible range stipulated under section		
			 there are precedents for transferring part of an administrative district to another administrative district. Taking the delineation of constituency boundaries of DC ordinary elections as an example, the EAC would also split or merge DCCAs in accordance with changes in population and transfer DC seat from one administrative district to another one; and the population structure of 	 (ii) the boundaries of the existing 5 GCs have come into existence since the first LegCo general election in 1998. These GCs are all along composed of entire administrative districts. This is also in line with the EAC's established working principles (in particular the percentage deviations of the projected population from the resulting number of the GCs are all within the 15% statutory permissible range); 		
			• the population structure of those islands is relatively stable. If they are transferred to HKI GC, where the planning is	(iii) regarding the constituency boundaries for DC ordinary elections, in		

Item	N	o.*	Danuas autations		
No.	W	0	Representations	EAC's Views	
			mature, further adjustment to GC boundaries due to changes in population distribution in the future can be avoided.	drawing up the provisional recommendations, the EAC must follow the number of elected seats stipulated for each DC under the DCO and delineate the same number of DCCAs within the existing boundaries of the administrative districts. The EAC has no power to increase or reduce the number of DCCAs in any administrative districts. Similarly, the EAC may not transfer the new seats and DCCAs approved for a certain administrative district to another administrative district;	
				 (iv) all along, for LegCo general elections, the latest projected population figures as at 30 June of the election year are adopted for the delineation exercise in accordance with the established practice. Developments thereafter will not be taken into consideration; and 	
				 (v) changing of boundaries of administrative districts does not fall under the purview of the EAC. The EAC has referred this view to the Government for consideration. 	

Item	<i>No</i> .*			
No.	W	0	Representations	EAC's Views
20	1	_	 Proposes to transfer Tseung Kwan O from NTE GC to KE GC. Reasons are as follows: Tseung Kwan O is similar to Kowloon in terms of development. In geographical location, it is also closer to Yau Tong and Lam Tin of KE GC; and Tseung Kwan O is under the Kowloon East Police Region. 	This proposal is not accepted . Please see views (i) and (ii) under item 19.
21	_	1	In view of the growing population in NTW GC, proposes to merge KE and KW GCs into 1 GC so as to free up a GC for creation in the New Territories.	This proposal is not accepted . Please see view (i) under item 19.
(III)	Matter	's not	relating to the present consultat	ion
22	-	1	 Raises the following views regarding the GC boundaries for the 2024 LegCo General Election: objects to grouping the North, Yuen Long and Tuen Mun Districts to form a new GC named "New Territories North". This is because the surrounding areas of the Sha Tin District or Kowloon, rather than the Yuen Long or Tuen Mun Districts, are the main areas of activity for residents of the North District; 	 (i) In drawing up the provisional recommendations, the EAC must strictly adhere to the statutory provisions under sections 18 and 19 of the LCO, the statutory

Item	<i>No</i> .*				
No.	W	0	Representations	EAC's Views	
			 in view of the growing population in NTW GC, proposes to transfer Tsing Chau Tsai Peninsula and Disneyland or Ma Wan from the Tsuen Wan District to the Islands District in the delineation exercise for the 2023 DC Ordinary Election. Afterwards, to transfer the Islands District from NTW GC to HKI GC in the delineation exercise for the 2024 LegCo General Election; and proposes to transfer the Sai Kung District from NTE GC to HKI GC if the population continues to drop in HKI GC but grow in Tseung Kwan O New Town of the Sai Kung District. 	(ii) changing of boundaries of administrative districts does not fall under the purview of the EAC. The EAC has referred this view to the Government for consideration.	
23	1	1	 (a) Proposes to put Tak Bo Garden, Wang Kwong Building, Lee Kee Building and Amoy Gardens of the Kwun Tong District into the same DCCA. (b) Worries that the present public consultation on the delineation of GCs may have an impact on the 2019 DC Ordinary Election, and considers that the EAC has only taken into account population figures but not 	Items (a) and (b) The present public consultation concerns the provisional recommendations on the boundaries and names of GCs for the 2020 LegCo General Election drawn up by the EAC for submission of the final recommendations to the Chief Executive in accordance with the requirements of the EACO. The delineation of constituency boundaries for DC ordinary elections is outside the scope of the present consultation.	

Appendix III (Page 20/20)

No. W O Other factors such as	EAC's Views
other factors such as	
geographical and environmental issues when delineating the DCCAs. Taking On Tat Estate in Kwun Tong as an example, two of its 11 blocks (i.e. Oi Tat House and Shing Tat House) are delineated in the Sau Mau Ping Central Constituency, while the remaining nine blocks are delineated in the Po Tat Constituency. This makes it difficult for candidates representing On Tat Estate to be elected	